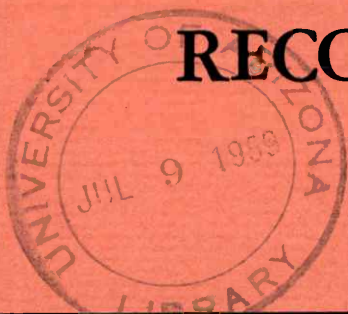


THE UNIVERSITY  
OF ARIZONA  
RECORD



*Seventy-fifth Anniversary*

COLLEGE OF LAW  
ANNOUNCEMENT

1959-1960

1960-1961

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# UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA RECORD

Vol. LII, No. 2

April 15, 1959

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RICHARD A. HARVILL, Ph.D.....President of the University  
ROBERT LOGAN NUGENT, Ph.D.....Executive Vice President  
DAVID L. PATRICK, Ph.D.....Vice President for Academic Affairs

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## STATEMENT OF MAILING PRIVILEGE


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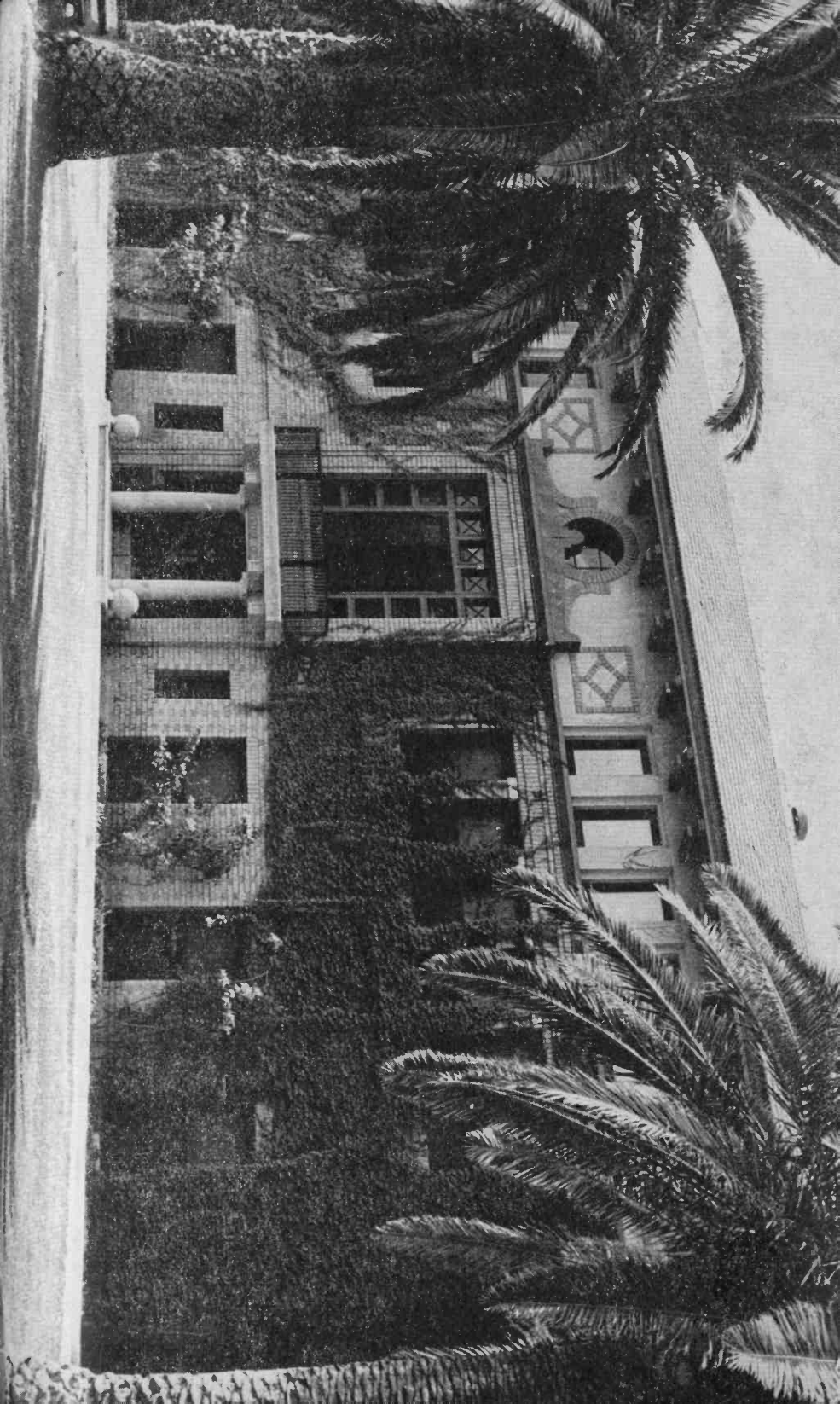
*Seventy-fifth Anniversary*



COLLEGE OF LAW  
ANNOUNCEMENT

1959-1960

1960-1961



## COLLEGE OF LAW CALENDAR

1959 - 60 — 1960 - 61

## FIRST SEMESTER

	1959-60	1960-61
Dormitories open at 8:00 a.m. ....	Sept. 5, Sa.	Sept. 3, Sa.
Registration .....	Sept. 8, T.	Sept. 6, T.
	Sept. 9, W.	Sept. 7, W.
Classes begin .....	Sept. 10, Th.	Sept. 8, Th.
Last day for late registration* .....	Sept. 17, Th.	Sept. 15, Th.
Mother's and Father's Day .....	Oct. 24, Sa.	Oct. 15, Sa.
Veterans Day — no classroom exercises .....	Nov. 11, W.	Nov. 11, F.
Homecoming — no classroom exercises .....	Nov. 21, Sa.	Nov. 19, Sa.
Thanksgiving recess .....	Nov. 25, W.	Nov. 23, W.
	10:00 p.m., to	10:00 p.m., to
	Nov. 30, M.	Nov. 28, M.
	7:40 a.m.	7:40 a.m.
Christmas recess .....	Dec. 19, Sa.	Dec. 17, Sa.
	1:30 p.m., to	1:30 p.m., to
	Jan. 4, M.	Jan. 3, T.
	7:40 a.m.	7:40 a.m.
Class sessions end .....	Jan. 13, W.	Jan. 11, W.
Semester examinations begin .....	Jan. 14, Th.	Jan. 12, Th.
Semester examinations end .....	Jan. 23, Sa.	Jan. 21, Sa.
Midyear recess .....	Jan. 25, M.	Jan. 23, M.
	through	through
	Jan. 28, Th.	Jan. 26, Th.

## SECOND SEMESTER

	1959-60	1960-61
Registration .....	Jan. 29, F.	Jan. 27, F.
	Jan. 30, Sa.	Jan. 28, Sa.
Classes begin .....	Feb. 1, M.	Jan. 30, M.
Last day for late registration* .....	Feb. 8, M.	Feb. 6, M.
Washington's Birthday — no classroom exercises .....	Feb. 22, M.	Feb. 22, W.
Easter recess .....	Apr. 14, Th.	Mar. 30, Th.
	10:00 p.m., to	10:00 p.m., to
	Apr. 25, M.	Apr. 10, M.
	7:40 a.m.	7:40 a.m.
Second-year students must file applications for candidacy for degree by .....	May 2, M.	May 1, M.
Semester examinations begin .....	May 12, Th.	May 11, Th.
Semester examinations end .....	May 21, Sa.	May 20, Sa.
Class sessions resumed .....	May 23, M.	May 22, M.
Records close for all students completing requirements for degree .....	May 24, T.	May 23, T.
Memorial Day — no classroom exercises .....	May 30, M.	May 30, T.
Commencement .....	June 1, W.	May 31, W.
Class sessions end .....	June 4, Sa.	June 3, Sa.

## LAW SUMMER SESSION

1960	1961
June 13, M., to	June 12, M., to
Aug. 9, T.	Aug. 8, T.

\* Late registration is not permitted unless the delay is excused for cause.

## BOARD OF REGENTS

*Ex-Officio*

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*Appointed**Term Expires*

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 FRANCIS J. OWENS.....Law Librarian  
 ANN MACKIN, B.S.....Secretary

### THE UNIVERSITY

The University of Arizona is an integral part of the state system of public education. Its purpose, in the language of the organic law, is "to provide the inhabitants of this state with the means of acquiring a thorough knowledge of the various branches of literature, science and the arts," and, in so far as possible, a technical education adapted to the development of the resources peculiar to Arizona. In furtherance of this purpose, the Colleges of Agriculture, Business and Public Administration, Education, Engineering, Fine Arts, Law, Liberal Arts, Pharmacy, Mines, and the Graduate College, the Schools of Home Economics, Military Science and Tactics, Music, and Nursing, the Agricultural Experiment Station, the Agricultural Extension Service, the Arizona Bureau of Mines, the Bureau of Business Research, the Carbon<sup>14</sup> Age Determination Laboratory, the Computer Center, the Cooperative Wildlife Research Unit, the Engineering Experimental Station, the Geochronology Laboratory, the Institute of Atmospheric Physics, the Institute of Water Utilization, the Laboratory of Tree Ring Research, the State Museum, the Steward Observatory, and the Division of Continuing Education, have been organized. In creating the University the Legislature wisely unified under one management these colleges and institutions of higher learning and investigation.

The general organization of the University is in accordance with the Act of Congress of July 2, 1862, known as the Morrill Act, creating the "Land Grant Colleges." The details of its organization and government are regulated by the act of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Arizona, passed in 1885, and subsequent acts of the Legislature.

Since 1917 the University has been accredited by the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools as a degree-granting institution.

### THE COLLEGE OF LAW

Instruction in law was established at the University in 1915 and organized under a separate college in 1925. The College of Law is a member of the Association of American Law Schools and is designated by the American Bar Association as a fully approved school on the basis of the following pronouncement:

The American Bar Association is of the opinion that every candidate for admission to the bar should give evidence of graduation from a law school complying with the following standards:

It shall require as a condition to admission at least 3 years of acceptable college work.

It shall require its students to pursue a course of 3 years' duration, if they devote substantially all of their working time to their studies, and a longer course, equivalent in the number of working hours, if they devote only part of their working time to their studies.

It shall provide an adequate library available for the use of the students.

It shall have among its teachers a sufficient number giving their entire time to the school to insure personal acquaintance and influence with the whole student body.

It shall not be operated as a commercial enterprise.

It shall be a school which in the judgment of the Council of Legal Education and Admissions to the Bar possesses reasonably adequate facilities and maintains a sound educational policy.



The Law Building, a structure of red brick and Bedford limestone, contains classrooms, courtroom, faculty offices and conference rooms, reading and study room, and stack room space in which is housed the Law Library. This building has served well for 30 years, but is now outgrown. It is expected that an adequate replacement will be ready for occupancy in 1960-61.

The Law Library contains approximately 35,000 bound volumes. Included are the reported cases of all the state courts of last resort and the federal courts, as well as cases from other American courts and foreign common-law jurisdictions, federal administrative reports, American and English statutory law, including current statutes of 36 states, complete sets of the leading legal periodicals, and a carefully selected collection of legal encyclopedias, digests, treatises, textbooks, and special services. The University Library is also available for use by students of the College of Law.

### REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION

Applications for admission to the College of Law must be submitted upon forms obtained from the University Director of Admissions, and should be filed by July 15 for first semester registration.

Students commencing the study of law will be accepted only at the beginning of the first semester. Students who have satisfactorily completed 1 full semester or more in an approved law school may register for either semester.

An applicant for admission must present evidence of good character, and,

1. That he holds a bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university, or,

2. That he has earned in such college or university at least three-fourths of the credits acceptable for a bachelor's degree on the basis of a 4-year period of study in residence at the University of Arizona, with a grade average at least two-tenths of a grade point higher than that required for his graduation from the institution attended.

Such grade average shall be based upon all work undertaken, whether passed or failed, exclusive of nontheory courses, such as military science, hygiene, domestic arts, physical education, vocal or instrumental music, practice teaching, and teaching methods and techniques.

In computing the number of credits required under the admission plan numbered "2," above, the following rules shall apply. Non-theory work shall be excluded, except that "required" nontheory courses may be included up to 10 per cent of the total credit offered for admission. Credit earned by correspondence or examination is not acceptable. Credit earned by extension is acceptable when the courses were conducted in regular class sessions, by and under the personal supervision of members of the instructional staff of an accredited college or university in which the student was concurrently enrolled for residence work.

At the time of admission a written statement as to previous attendance at and application for admission to other law schools will be required.

### SPECIAL STUDENTS

A limited number of students with fewer than the academic credits required for candidates for the law degree may be admitted



as special students. An applicant for admission as a special student must be at least 23 years of age, and his experience and educational training must have been such, in the judgment of the Law Faculty, as to have specially equipped him for the successful study of law. The number of special students admitted each year is limited to 10 per cent of the average number admitted as beginning regular students during the 2 preceding academic years. Application for admission as a special student must be made well in advance of the beginning of the regular academic year. Such applications will be considered and acted upon at the first meeting of the Law Faculty after September 1 of each year. Special students are not candidates for the law degree and upon completion of their law study are not eligible for bar examinations in Arizona or in such other states as require graduation from a law school approved by the American Bar Association as a prerequisite for bar examinations.

### LAW SCHOOL ADMISSION TEST

All applicants for admission as beginning law students must take the Law School Admission Test given by the Educational Testing Service in cooperation with leading law schools throughout the country. Test scores are not a criterion for admission but are required for informational and counseling purposes. This requirement may be waived for good cause, but in such case the test must be taken at the first opportunity after enrolling. For permission to take the test applicants should write promptly to Law School Admission Test, Educational Testing Service, 20 Nassau Street, Princeton, New Jersey, requesting an application blank and bulletin of information. The tests are given several times a year at the University of Arizona and other centers throughout the United States. The bulletin lists the dates and the places where they may be taken. A fee of \$10 is payable to the Educational Testing Service upon filing the application. Since the test is designed to measure the aptitude of the applicant and not his knowledge of subject matter, no preparation is required.

### PRELEGAL STUDIES

Although no specific courses are required for admission to the College of Law, prelaw students should follow one of the standard curricula prescribed by the college in which they are registered. In selecting elective subjects they are advised to choose from courses open to them in economics, mathematics, sociology, government, English, speech, foreign language, history, philosophy, or psychology. Facility in English is essential to the successful study and practice of law, and a knowledge of elementary accounting is helpful.

### ADMISSION TO ADVANCED STANDING

A student transferring to the College of Law of the University of Arizona will not be given credit toward the law degree for courses of law pursued in another American law school which at the time the credit was earned was not a member of the Association of American Law Schools or approved or provisionally approved by the American Bar Association; provided, however, that credit may be given for work taken in an American law school within three calendar years immediately preceding its provisional approval by the American Bar Association.

A student transferring from a law school which is a member of the Association of American Law Schools and approved or provisionally approved by the American Bar Association will be given credit toward the law degree for courses of study satisfactorily pursued in such law school with allowance for proper equation of credit.

A transferring student must present evidence of good character, and,

1. An official transcript of his prelegal course of study, which must be sufficient to meet the requirements for admission to the College of Law of the University of Arizona.

2. An official transcript of his law study.

3. A letter from the dean of the law school from which he is transferring to the effect that he is presently eligible to register in that law school.

Admission will not be granted to a student who has been disqualified or placed on probation in another law school, or who has an average of less than 3.0000 (C) in all law work previously attempted. The number of units in a barely passing grade credited to students admitted to advanced standing may not exceed 20 per cent of the total number of units presented.

#### REQUIREMENTS FOR BACHELOR OF LAWS DEGREE

To qualify for the Bachelor of Laws degree a candidate must:

1. Have met all prelegal requirements for admission to the College of Law as a candidate for such degree.

2. Have completed at least 6 semesters or the equivalent in residence study of law in accredited law schools. The course may be accelerated by summer study, two law summer sessions at the University of Arizona being equivalent to one semester. When part of the law study has been done in other accredited law schools, the work of the final two semesters, comprising not less than 24 units of law credits, must be done in residence in this University. "Completed . . . in residence study" means that a student has registered for a schedule of work represented by a minimum of 10 class hours per week and has passed a minimum of 9 such class hours, but in case a student fails to pass work equal to 9 class hours per week, he shall not receive "residence credit" in excess of the ratio that the hours passed bear to nine. A student enrolled in a schedule of less than 10 class hours a week shall receive "residence credit" in the ratio that the hours passed bear to 10.

3. Have earned not less than 80 units of credit in law courses, including those designated below as "Required", with a cumulative grade average of at least 3.0000 (C) in all law courses undertaken.

## COURSE OF STUDY LEADING TO THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF LAWS

### FIRST YEAR — REQUIRED

First Semester		Second Semester	
Subject	Units	Subject	Units
Law 101 (Introduction to Law)	2	Law 102b (Contracts)	3
Law 102a (Contracts)	3	Law 105b (Torts)	2
Law 105a (Torts)	3	Law 111 (Remedies I)	2
Law 106 (Personal Property)	2	Law 114 (Agency-Partnership)	3
Law 108 (Criminal Law and Procedure)	4	Law 116 (Legal Bibliography and Writing)	2
		Law 139 (Titles)	3
	—		—
Total.....	14	Total.....	15

### SECOND YEAR — REQUIRED

First Semester		Second Semester	
Subject	Units	Subject	Units
Law 112 (Remedies II)	2	Law 146 (Code Pleading)	3
Law 120 (Rights in Land)	3	Law 182 (Private Corporations)	3
Law 140 (Wills and Administration)	3		
Law 181 (Constitutional Law)	4		
	—		—
Total.....	12	Total.....	6

### THIRD YEAR — REQUIRED

First Semester		Second Semester	
Subject	Units	Subject	Units
Law 128 (Evidence)	4	Law 142 (Legal Profession)	2
Law 187 (Trial and Appellate Procedure)	3		
	—		—
Total.....	7	Total.....	2

**ELECTIVE COURSES FOR SECOND- AND THIRD-YEAR STUDENTS**

First Semester		Second Semester	
Subject	Units	Subject	Units
Law 157 (Domestic Relations)	2	Law 136 (Trusts)	3
Law 166 (Sales)	3	Law 150 (Bills and Notes)	3
Law 192 (Creditors' Rights)	3	Law 164 (Insurance)	2
Law 194 (Federal Estate and Gift Taxation)	2	Law 168 (Security Transactions)	3
		Law 172 (Water Rights)	2
		Law 174 (Mining Law)	2
		Law 189 (State and Local Taxation)	2
		Law 193 (Federal Income Taxation)	3

**ADDITIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES FOR THIRD-YEAR STUDENTS**

First Semester		Second Semester	
Subject	Units	Subject	Units
Law 149 (Future Interests)	2	Law 158 (Labor Law)	2
Law 190 (Administrative Law)	2	Law 163 (Municipal Corporations)	2
Law 196 (Public Utilities)	2	Law 170 (Conflict of Laws)	3
Law 198 (Research)	1-3	Law 195* (Estate Planning Seminar)	2
		Law 197† (Practice Court)	2
		Law 198 (Research)	1-3

Law 140 (Wills and Administration) and Law 157 (Domestic Relations) include statutory material and cases on community property law.

\* Prerequisites: 136, 140, 193, and 194, or concurrent registration.

† Prerequisites: 101, 116, 128, 146, and 187.

### COMBINED COURSES OF STUDY

The University offers combined courses leading to the degrees of Bachelor of Arts, Bachelor of Science, or Bachelor of Science in Business Administration, and to the degree of Bachelor of Laws, in 6 years. Registration is in the College of Liberal Arts or the College of Business and Public Administration for four years and in the College of Law for two years, but the work of the fourth year is in law and under supervision of the law faculty. Prelegal students who wish to pursue such a course are referred to the requirements outlined for the College of Liberal Arts and the College of Business and Public Administration in the University Catalogue.

Students in certain other colleges may be candidates for degrees awarded upon completion of similar combined programs upon meeting equivalent requirements and upon petition to and approval by the faculties of their respective colleges and the College of Law.

Students transferring from other institutions may not register for the elective work in law under a combined program without first meeting the residence requirement of 30 units of prelegal credit in the University of Arizona.

In order to qualify for the law degree students who are registered in the combined course must meet all the requirements of the College of Law in effect at the time they start their law study, or for the year of graduation from the College of Law. The grade average of 3.0000 or better exacted for the law degree applies to all law credit, including the law courses taken during the fourth year of the combined course.

### GRADING SYSTEM

The grades awarded in the course of study are given on a basis of relative position in a series. These grades are: 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. Grades 1 to 4 indicate different ranks of passing work; grade 5 indicates failure. Inc., incomplete, is used to indicate deferred grading because of illness or other accepted reasons, a deficiency that may be made up within 1 year at the convenience of the instructor. W is used to indicate satisfactory work at the time of approved withdrawal. The right to withdraw from law courses with a grade of W is limited to the first six weeks of classes; thereafter this grade will be awarded only for good cause approved by the faculty.

### CREDIT HOURS AND ATTENDANCE

A student may not register for more than 15 credit hours. Those finding it necessary to take outside employment for self-support while pursuing their law studies must reduce their course load proportionately.

Regular attendance at classes and thorough preparation of all assigned work is required. A student may be disqualified at any time for neglect of his academic duties.

### MINIMUM SCHOLASTIC REQUIREMENTS

The following rules apply to students in the College of Law, including students registered for law course work under combined programs with other colleges of the University.

A student who fails to maintain a cumulative grade average of 3.0000, or better, for all law work attempted will be placed on probation. A student on probation for scholastic reasons will be disqualified at the end of the semester unless he then has the following cumulative grade average, or better: 3.3, if he has completed at least 22 but less than 50 units of law work; 3.15 if he has completed 50 or more units of such work. For this purpose a student shall be deemed to have "completed" all law courses in which he has been awarded a grade other than W or Inc. In addition to the foregoing, and whether or not he is on probation, a student who fails to receive passing grades in at least 60% of the units carried for any one semester will be disqualified.

A student disqualified once for scholastic reasons may be readmitted only as follows: at the next regular examination period for such courses, he may take re-examinations in any courses in which he has received a grade of less than 3. If by substituting his grades upon re-examination for his official grades in those courses he would have the required scholastic standing as provided above, he shall be entitled to re-enter on probation. Following a second disqualification a student shall be ineligible for readmission. Grades obtained upon re-examination will be considered solely for the purpose of determining the student's right to re-enter following disqualification, and will not be entered upon his official record, nor affect the computation of his grade average for any other purpose. A student on re-examination must fulfill the requirements of the current examination in the course even though its content may have changed.

Probation shall involve such limitations and requirements as the faculty or the Dean may prescribe, including limitations as to courses, credit hours and outside employment, and requirements as to regular class attendance and adequate preparation. A semester, as used herein, means either the regular fall semester, the regular spring semester, or if summer session is attended, then such summer session plus the next regular semester attended.

### HONOR SYSTEM

All student work and examinations in the College of Law of the University of Arizona are traditionally conducted under the honor system, which is designed to inculcate a respect for the ethical standards of the profession and an understanding of the manner in which they are enforced. Enrollment in the College implies an undertaking by the student to conform to the rules of the honor system. In the rare instances of alleged infringement the Board of Governors of The Student Bar Association is charged with the duty of conducting hearings and recommending appropriate disciplinary action.

### ARIZONA LAW REVIEW

The *Arizona Law Review* is a legal periodical published twice each year under the auspices of the College of Law. Its purpose is to give expression to legal scholarship, and to serve the profession and the public by the timely discussion of legal problems, with emphasis

upon those of special concern to Arizona and the West. It is conducted, under the general supervision of a Faculty Adviser, by a student Board of Editors whose members are selected on the basis of scholastic attainment and evidence of superior aptitude for legal research and writing.

#### MOOT COURT PROGRAM

The Fegtly Moot Court competition affords students an opportunity for experience in briefing and arguing cases on appeal. This competition, open in the first instance to all members of the first-year class, is an elimination contest extending throughout the three years of the law course. From the third-year participants a team is selected to represent the College in the National Moot Court competition sponsored by the Association of the Bar of the City of New York.

#### STUDENT BAR ASSOCIATION

All students in the College of Law are members of The Student Bar Association of the University of Arizona, which is modeled after the organized bar. The Association maintains liaison between the students and the faculty, administers the honor system and the moot court program, and performs numerous other services for the student body. It is a charter member of the American Law Student Association, an affiliate of the American Bar Association.

#### LAW CLERKSHIP PROGRAM

Under the sponsorship of the Junior Bar Conference of the State Bar of Arizona the College of Law offers a law clerkship program which makes it possible for second- and third-year law students to become associated with cooperating Arizona law offices during the summer months. The purpose of the program is to afford the student an opportunity to observe the application of the law in practice and to take part in the work of a law office to the extent permissible before admission to the bar. Participation in the program is voluntary.

#### TUITION, FEES, AND OTHER EXPENSES

(The Board of Regents reserves the right to change charges from time to time as necessary.)

Following is a summary estimate of minimum annual expenses for full-time law students, based upon the academic year 1959-60:

Dormitory Room .....	\$ 196.00
Meals in University Cafeteria .....	500.00
Books and Supplies (\$40 per semester) .....	80.00
Registration Fee (\$91 per semester) <sup>1</sup> .....	182.00
Special Law Fee (\$25 per semester) <sup>2</sup> .....	50.00

Total Minimum Annual Expense .....

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(Legal Residents of Arizona) .....

Nonresident Tuition Fee (\$250 per semester)<sup>3</sup> .....

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500.00

Total Minimum Annual Expense .....

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(Nonresidents) .....

Students should add incidental personal expenses as anticipated, and a room reservation deposit of \$10.00. Men students taking military science should add a \$25.00 deposit.

Fees are payable to the University Cashier upon registration. Dormitory rent is paid by the semester, in advance.

<sup>1</sup>For 6 or more units. Below 6, \$11.25 per unit each semester.

<sup>2</sup>For 6 or more units. Below 6, \$5 per unit each semester.

<sup>3</sup>For 12 or more units. 6 through 11 units, \$21 per unit each semester. Below 6, no nonresident tuition fee.



**Late registration.**—Students who fail to appear for the purpose of registering on the day scheduled for registration and students who fail to complete registration by payment of all fees during the week of the opening of classes are charged a late registration fee of \$5.

**Change of registration.**—For any change in registration other than withdrawal with a failing grade, a fee of \$1 will be charged. This fee is effective the first day after the close of registration as scheduled.

**Late petition for degree.**—For petition for candidacy for a degree filed after May 1 of the second year of law (provided such second year has been the year immediately preceding that in which graduation is desired) a fee of \$2 will be charged.

**Graduation fee.**—Every candidate for a degree is required to pay a \$5 diploma charge, and the balance, if any, of his Alumni Association Life Membership dues of \$10. Credit is allowed against such dues at the rate of \$1.25 for each semester for which the registration fee has been paid.

**Graduation in absentia.**—Candidates upon whom degrees are to be conferred are expected to be present in the Commencement procession, unless especially excused by their deans. Candidates who complete degree requirements in residence at the end of the second semester and who absent themselves without this approval will be required to pay a fee of \$10 before the diploma will be issued or graduation certified.

### HOUSING ACCOMMODATIONS

**Residence halls.**—In assigning residence in dormitories preference is given to legal residents of Arizona who are registered for a substantial course load. A considerable number of accommodations are available each year, however, to out-of-state students.

**Reservation of dormitory rooms.**—Application for the reservation of a dormitory room should be made to the University Department of Student Housing immediately upon the receipt of notification from the Registrar that admission has been granted. Since the accommodations are limited and all the rooms are usually engaged before the opening of the college year, students should make prompt application. A deposit of \$10 must accompany each application, to apply as security against damage to or loss of University property. This deposit is refunded when a student leaves the dormitory provided all such charges have been paid.

**Housing for married veterans.**—A limited number of Quonset huts and temporary dwelling units are available for married veterans who are enrolled for 8 or more credit hours of law work. These may be rented furnished or unfurnished at rates of \$28 to \$35 per month. More detailed information may be obtained from the University Department of Student Housing.

**Residence off the campus.**—A list of off-campus accommodations may be obtained at the University Department of Student Housing. It is recommended that these accommodations be inspected personally by students before definite arrangements are made with landlords.

### SCHOLARSHIPS AND AWARDS

**Tucson Title Insurance Company award.**—The Tucson Title Insurance Company offers annually an inscribed set of the *Arizona Revised Statutes* or at the option of the recipient its cash value and

an appropriate certificate to the third-year law student, resident of the state, who, in the judgment of the law faculty has excelled in activities, leadership, professional attributes, and scholarship in the College of Law during the two preceding years and has accumulated not less than 50 units of law credit.

**Paul W. Westerlund scholarship.**—At the suggestion of Mr. Paul W. Westerlund, a graduate of the College of Law in the Class of 1940, the Servco Foundation has established an annual scholarship of \$250 to be awarded to a deserving law student.

**Harry O. Juliani scholarship.**—In memory of the late Harry O. Juliani, of the Class of 1927, his family and friends have established an annual scholarship of \$100 for a deserving student in the College of Law.

**Pima County Bar Auxiliary scholarship.**—The Pima County Bar Auxiliary awards annually a scholarship of \$100 to a deserving third-year law student. The scholarship is open to Arizona residents, with preference given to graduates of Pima County high schools.

**Nathan Burkan memorial award.**—The American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers offers annually a first prize of \$150 and a second prize of \$50 to those members of the graduating class of the College of Law who submit the best papers on some aspect of the subject of copyright law.

**Lawyers Title award.**—The Lawyers Title Insurance Corporation annually awards an appropriate certificate and \$100 to a third-year law student for excellence in the law of real estate.

**United States Law Week award.**—The Bureau of National Affairs offers an annual award of the value of approximately \$100, consisting of a year's subscription to *The United States Law Week*, to the student in the College of Law who makes the greatest scholastic improvement during his third year.

**Fegtly Moot Court award.**—The Student Bar Association of the College of Law has given a plaque, on which will be engraved each year the names of the third-year students who win first place in the Fegtly Moot Court competition.

**Lester W. Feezer prize.**—An annual prize to the senior law student selected by his classmates as most likely to succeed in practice, which was established by the late Professor Lester W. Feezer in 1946, has been endowed in his memory by his widow, Charlotte A. Feezer.

**Book Prizes.**—The joint publishers of *American Jurisprudence* award separately bound subjects each semester to the law students receiving the highest grades in selected courses. **The Daily Reporter**, Tucson legal newspaper, annually awards appropriate book prizes to the members of the two ranking teams in the first- and second-year Fegtly Moot Court competition. **John P. Frank**, of the Phoenix bar, each year presents a current book of legal interest to the graduate with the highest cumulative grade average in his law courses. In honor of members of the law faculty, an anonymous alumnus annually awards the **J. Bryon McCormick prize**, consisting of the one-volume edition of *Corbin on Contracts*, to the first-year student, eligible to continue, who makes the greatest scholastic improvement during his second semester; and the **Claude H. Brown prize**, consisting of the Association of American Law Schools' *Selected Writings on Evidence and Trial*, to the law graduate who has made the greatest scholastic improvement following a first semester comprising at least 13 semester hours and entitling him to continue.

**Phi Alpha Delta award.**—The Knox Chapter of Phi Alpha Delta Law Fraternity has given a cup on which is to be inscribed each year the name of the winner of the Phi Alpha Delta Speech Contest, and awards an individual cup to the winner.

**Phi Delta Phi award.**—The Samuel L. Pattee Inn of the International Legal Fraternity, Phi Delta Phi has given a plaque on which will be engraved each year the name of the graduating senior who has the highest scholastic average for the full 3 years of his law course, at least 1 year of which must have been completed at the University of Arizona.

There are other prizes, awards and scholarships in the University for which students in the College of Law may be eligible. These are listed in the Biennial Catalogue.

### STUDENT LOAN FUND

**Charles L. Strouss Memorial Fund.**—The family and friends of the late Charles L. Strouss, of the Phoenix bar, have established in his memory a trust fund for the benefit of the College of Law. Approximately \$1000 a year is available from the fund for emergency loans to second- and third-year law students.

## DESCRIPTION OF COURSES

### FIRST YEAR—REQUIRED

101. Introduction to Law. (2) I.  
A brief survey of the origins, function and growth of Anglo-American law, theories of legal liability, types of relief, judicial systems of English and American Courts, and a study of common-law actions.
- 102a-102b. Contracts. (3-3) Yr.  
Formation, performance, and discharge of contracts; the Statute of Frauds; parties affected by contract; illegal contracts.
- 105a-105b. Torts. (3-2) Yr.  
Injuries to persons and property; intentional wrongs, liability at peril, negligence and contributory negligence, causation, deceit, defamation, malicious prosecution.
106. Personal Property. (2) I.  
Distinction between real and personal property and the law governing rights in personal property.
108. Criminal Law and Procedure. (4) I.  
Criminal procedure, nature and elements of crime, specific crimes, defenses.
111. Remedies I. (2) II.  
Legal and equitable remedies for injuries to the person, real and personal property, business interests, and personality.
114. Agency-Partnership. (3) II.  
An integrated treatment of two basically related subjects, agency and partnership; the rights, duties, and risks incident to these relationships with respect to contracts, torts, and property.
116. Legal Bibliography and Writing. (2) II.  
The use of law books for the solution of legal problems; technique of thorough, accurate and rapid research; legal vocabulary and style; practice in the preparation of case notes and legal memoranda.
139. Possessory to Real Property. (3) II.  
Possessory and derivative titles to land, requisites of conveyances, and creation of estates in land.

**SECOND YEAR—REQUIRED**

112. Remedies II. (2) I.  
Legal and equitable remedies for breach of contract, fraud, and mistake; the statute of frauds, illegality, and impossibility.
120. Rights in Land. (3) I.  
The feudal system; estates in land; joint ownership; easements; covenants running with the land; rents.
140. Wills and Administration. (3) I.  
Execution, revocation and revival of wills, and administration of testate and intestate estates. The course includes statutory material and cases on community property law.
146. Code Pleading. (3) II.  
The civil action under reformed procedure. Principles of the complaint, answer, and other pleadings. The new federal and state rules of civil procedure.
181. Constitutional Law. (4) I.  
Nature, sources, and extent of constitutional law.
182. Private Corporations. (3) II.  
The legal concept of a corporation; corporations de jure and de facto; ultra vires transactions; promoters; stockholders, directors, and creditors of corporations.

**THIRD YEAR—REQUIRED**

128. Evidence. (4) I.  
The rules governing the admissibility and exclusion of evidence in legal controversies.
142. The Legal Profession. (2) II.  
The history and present organization of the legal profession. Problems of professional usage and ethics commonly encountered in practice; office management and practice.
187. Trial and Appellate Procedure. (3) I.  
The progressive steps in trial and appellate procedure in civil cases.

**SECOND AND THIRD YEAR — ELECTIVE**

136. Trusts. (3) II.  
Nature, requisites, and administration of trusts.
150. Bills and Notes. (3) II.  
The nature and purpose of and the law governing negotiable instruments and banking transactions.
157. Domestic Relations. (2) I.  
The law of marital and family relations. The course includes statutory material and cases on community property law.
164. Insurance. (2) II.  
Insurable interest; selection and control of risks, waiver, estoppel, and election; adjustment of claims.
166. Sales. (3) I.  
The law governing sales of personal property.
168. Security Transactions. (3) II.  
Secured credit transactions, including accommodation contracts (suretyship), mortgages, pledges, dealers' financing, use of credit, and security holders' remedies.

172. **Water Rights. (2) II.**  
Riparian rights; the doctrine of prior appropriation of the western states; underground waters; interstate streams.
174. **Mining Law. (2) II.**  
Mining titles with reference to mining rights.
189. **State and Local Taxation. (2) II.**  
A survey of taxation on the state and local level, with particular attention to problems of jurisdiction, sales and use taxes, the comparison of property and excise taxes, and the state taxation of income and estates.
192. **Creditors' Rights. (3) I.**  
Enforcement of judgments; fraudulent conveyances; general assignments; receiverships; bankruptcy.
193. **Federal Income Taxation. (3) II.**  
Income taxes and procedure.
194. **Federal Estate and Gift Taxation. (2) I.**  
Constitutional and jurisdictional limitations; estate and gift taxes.

### THIRD YEAR—ELECTIVE

149. **Future Interests. (2) I.**  
Types of future interests in property, problems of construction, powers of appointment, the rules against perpetuities.
158. **Labor Law. (2) II.**  
Civil conspiracy; enforcement of collective bargaining agreements; injunctions in labor disputes; free speech in relation to picketing and boycotts; labor combinations in restraint of trade; construction and administration of the National Labor Relations Act.
163. **Municipal Corporations. (2) II.**  
Nature, creation, power, and liabilities of municipalities; municipal legislation.
170. **Conflict of Laws. (3) II.**  
Domicile, jurisdiction, full faith and credit, and choice of law rules.
190. **Administrative Law. (2) I.**  
Creation and functions of administrative tribunals; administrative procedure; judicial relief from administrative action.
195. **Estate Planning Seminar. (2) II.**  
Problems are assigned and each student is required to draft the instruments necessary to effectuate his estate plan. Prerequisites: 136, 140, 193, and 194, or concurrent registration.
196. **Public Utilities. (3) I.**  
The obligations of carriers and other public utilities and their enforcement.
197. **Practice Court. (2) II.**  
Training in the activities necessary and incidental to the trial of cases. Prerequisites: 101, 116, 128, 146, and 187.
198. **Research. (1 to 3) I, II.**  
Mature investigation of and writing on special legal problems under the supervision of a member, or members, of the Faculty. Flexible credit with amount determined upon completion of the work but not to exceed 3 units per semester. Open to third-year students, competent, in the judgment of the Law Faculty, to pursue such work.