

# University of Arizona Record

COLLEGE OF LAW ANNOUNCEMENT 1951-52 -- 1952-53



PUBLISHED BY
Hniversity of Arizona
TUCSON, ARIZONA

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## University of Arizona Record

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## UNIVERSITY CALENDAR

1951-52 - 1952-53

#### FIRST SEMESTER

Calendar	1951-52	1952-53
Registration	Sept. 14, F. & Sept. 15, Sa.	
Classes begin	Sept. 17, M.	Sept. 15, M.
Last day for registration for credit	Sept. 22, Sa.	Sept. 20, Sa.
Homecoming—no classroom exercises	.Nov. 17, Sa.	
Armistice Day—no classroom exercises.	.Nov. 12, M.	Nov. 11, Tu.
Thanksgiving recess		
	10:00 p.m. to Nov. 26, M.,	
	7:40 a.m.	
Christmas recess	Dec. 20, Th., 10:00 p.m. to Jan. 4, F., 7:40 a.m.	5:00 p.m. to Jan. 5, M.,
Semester examinations		Jan. 16, F., to
SECOND SEME	STER	

#### SECOND SEMESTER

Registration			Jan 27, Tu., & Jan. 28, W.
Clarate hards		,	-
Classes begin			
Last day of registration for credit	Feb.	6, W.	Feb. 4, W.
Washington's birthday—no class-			
room exercises	.Feb.	22, F.	Feb. 23, M.
Easter recess	Apr.	10. Th.	Apr. 2, Th.
		p.m. to	
			Apr. 13, M,
		a.m.	
Juniors must file application for	1.40	a.111.	1.40 a.m.
candidacy for degree by	Мау	1, Th.	May 1, F.
Senior records complete except for			
second semester courses	.May	10, Sa.	May 9, Sa.
Records close for all students		•	<b>-</b>
completing requirements for			
degrees	.May	20, Tu.	May 20, W.
Semester examinations begin			May 21. Th.
Demester examinations begin			, ,
		p.m.	-
Baccalaureate Sunday			May 24, Su.
Commencement	.Мау	28, W.	May 27, W.
Semester examinations end			May 29 F.

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

#### THE UNIVERSITY

The University of Arizona, situated at Tucson, is an integral part of the system of public education established by and for the state. Its purpose, in the language of the organic law, is "to provide the inhabitants of this state with the means of acquiring a thorough knowledge of the various branches of literature, science and the arts, and, in so far as possible, a technical education adapted to the development of the resources peculiar to Arizona. In furtherance of this purpose, the College of Agriculture, the School of Home Economics, the Agricultural Experiment Station, the Agricultural Extension Service, the College of Education, the College of Engineering, the College of Law, the College of Liberal Arts, the College of Pharmacy, the College of Business and Public Administration, the College of Fine Arts, the School of Music, the Graduate College, the College of Mines, the Arizona Bureau of Mines, the University Extension Division, the School of Military Science and Tactics, the State Museum, and the Steward Observatory have been organized. In creating the University the Legislative Assembly wisely unified under one management these various colleges and institutions of higher learning and investigation.

The general organization of the University is in accordance with the Act of Congress of July 2, 1862, known as the Morrill Act, creating the "Land Grant Colleges." The details of its organization and government are regulated by the act of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Arizona, passed in 1885, and subsequent acts of the Legislature.

The University of Arizona is on the accredited list of the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools as a degreegranting institution, and on the list of approved colleges of the Association of American Universities.

#### COLLEGE OF LAW

The University of Arizona College of Law is a member of the Association of American Law Schools and is rated by the American Bar Association as an approved school on the basis of the following pronouncement:

The American Bar Association is of the opinion that every candidate for admission to the bar should give evidence of graduation from a law school complying with the following standards:

It shall require as a condition to admission at least 3 years of acceptable

college work.

It shall require its students to pursue a course of 3 years' duration, if they devote substantially all of their working time to their studies, and a longer course, equivalent in the number of working hours, if they devote only part of their working time to their studies.

It shall provide an adequate library available for the use of the students.

It shall have among its teachers a sufficient number giving their entire time to the school to insure personal acquaintance and influence with the whole student body.

The Law Building, a structure of red brick and Bedford limestone, contains classrooms, a modern courtroom, faculty offices and conference rooms, a commodious reading and study room, and ample stack room space in which is housed the Law Library.

The Law Library contains approximately 30,000 bound volumes. Included in this library are the reported cases of all the jurisdictions in the United States and substantially all of the English reported cases. American and English statutory law, complete sets of the leading legal periodicals, and a carefully selected collection of legal encyclopedias, digests, treatises, and textbooks.

#### ADMISSION

Students applying for admission to the College of Law must present to the Dean of the College a certificate of the University Registrar certifying that the applicant has completed all prelegal requirements.

Students commencing the study of law will be admitted to the College of Law only at the beginning of the fall semester. Students who have completed satisfactorily 1 full semester or more of law study in the University of Arizona or in some other approved law school may enter at the beginning of either semester.

Candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Laws must have completed in residence, at the University of Arizona or at some other college or university whose credit is given "full value" in the Annual Report compiled by the American Association of Collegiate Registrars, not less than three-fourths of the work required for a bachelor's degree granted on the basis of a 4-year period of study.

Nontheory courses in military science, hygiene, domestic arts, physical education, vocal or instrumental music, practice teaching, teaching methods and techniques, and other courses without substantive content appropriate to the study of law, may not be included in the credits presented for admission to the College of Law, except that "required" nontheory work may be accepted up to 10 per cent of the total credit offered for admission.

All such prelegal work, exclusive of nontheory courses, must have been completed with an average of 3 (C) or better and a scholastic average at least equal to the average required for graduation in the institution attended. If more than one institution has been attended the scholastic requirements of the last institution are applied, but based upon the entire prelegal work, exclusive of nontheory credit, undertaken in all the institutions attended.

Students desiring to be admitted to the College of Law should have their applications, together with a transcript of their prelegal work, in the hands of the University Registrar not later than September 1 for first-semester registration. Students completing their prelegal work in some other college or university must furnish the University Registrar, in addition to a transcript of their record, with a certificate from the registrar of the institution where such work was completed to the effect that the grade average attained is at least equal to the average required for graduation in that institution.

At the time of admission to the College of Law, a written statement as to previous attendance at other law schools will be required by

the Dean of the College.

#### PRELEGAL STUDIES

It is suggested that prelaw students, in selecting their elective courses of study, choose from courses open to them in economics, mathematics, sociology, political science, English, speech, foreign language, history, philosophy, psychology, and it is strongly urged that all prelaw students complete a course in elementary accounting.

Credit earned through correspondence or by examination is not acceptable as prelegal credit for the College of Law. Credit earned by extension is acceptable only when the courses were conducted in regular class sessions, by and under the personal supervision of members of the instructional staff of an accredited college or university in which the candidate was at the time a regularly enrolled student.

#### SPECIAL STUDENTS

A limited number of students with fewer than the academic credits required for candidates for the law degree may be admitted as special students. An applicant for admission as a special student must be at least 23 years of age, and his experience and educational training must have been such as, in the judgment of the Law Faculty, to have specially equipped him for the successful study of law. The number of special students admitted to the College of Law each year is limited to 10 per cent of the average number of students admitted by the College of Law as beginning regular students during the 2 preceding academic years. Application for admission as such special student must be made to the Registrar of the University well in adof the beginning of the regular academic year for the purpose of submission to the Dean of the College of Law. Such applications will be considered and acted upon at the first meeting of the Law Faculty after September 1 of each year. Special students are not candidates for the law degree, and upon completion of their law study are not eligible for bar examinations in Arizona nor in such other states as require graduation from a law school approved by the American Bar Association as a prerequisite for bar admission.

#### ADMISSION TO ADVANCED STANDING

A student transferring to the College of Law of the University of Arizona will not be given credit toward the law degree for courses of law pursued in another American law school which at the time the credit was earned was not either a member of the Association of American Law Schools or approved or previously approved by the American Bar Association; provided, however, that credit may be given for work taken in an American law school within three calendar years immediately preceding its provisional approval by the American Bar Association.

A student transferring from a law school which is approved or provisionally approved by the American Bar Association but which is not a member of the Association of American Law Schools may be admitted and given credit toward the law degree for courses of law study pursued in such law school upon petition approved by the College of Law Faculty.

A student transferring from a law school which is a member of the Association of American Law Schools will be given credit toward the law degree for courses of law study satisfactorily pursued in such law school with allowance for proper equation of credit.

A transferring student must present:

1. An official transcript of his prelegal course of study, which

must be sufficient to meet the requirements for admission to the College of Law of the University of Arizona.

2. An official transcript of his law study.

3. A letter from the dean of the law school from which he transfers to the effect that he is presently eligible to register in that

law school.

Admission will not be granted to a student who has been disqualified or placed on probation in another law school, or who has an average of less than 3 (C) on all law work previously attempted. The number of units in a barely passing grade credited to students admitted to advanced standing may not exceed 20 per cent of the total number of units completed.

### REQUIREMENTS FOR THE BACHELOR OF LAWS DEGREE

To secure the degree in law from the University of Arizona, a candidate for such degree must:

1. Have met fully all prelegal requirements established by the University of Arizona for the admission to its College of Law of stu-

dents as candidates for the law degree.

2. To have completed at least 3 full academic years in residence study of law in accredited law schools. When part of such study has been done in other than accredited schools, the work of the third or last year, comprising not less than 24 units of law credit, must be done in residence in this University.

3. Have secured by and during such 3 or more years of residence study not less than 80 units of credit in law courses, including the courses designated below as "Required," with a grade average of at

least 3 (C) in all law courses undertaken.

"Completed . . . in residence study" means that a student has registered for a schedule of work represented by a minimum of 10 class hours per week; but in case a student fails to pass work equal to 9 class hours per week, he shall not receive "residence credit" in excess of the ratio that the hours passed bear to nine. A student enrolled in a schedule of less than 10 class hours a week shall receive "residence credit" in the ratio that the hours passed bear to ten.

#### COURSE OF STUDY LEADING TO THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF LAWS

First Yea	r—Required
First Semester	Second Semester
Subject         Units           Law 101 (Introduction to Law)	Subject         Units           Law 102b (Contracts)         3           Law 105b (Torts)         3           Law 110 (Equity I)         2           Law 115 (Agency)         3           Law 120 (Rights in Land)         3           Law 141 (Legal Bibliography)         1
Total13	Total15
Second Yea	r—Required
First Semester	Second Semester
Subject Units	Subject Units
Law 130 (Equity II) 2	Law 142 (Legal Profession) 1
Law 139 (Titles) 3	Law 146 (Code Pleading) 3
Law 140 (Wills and Adm.) 3	Law 181 (Constitutional Law) 4
<del></del>	
Total 8	Total 8
Total8  Third Year	

First Seme	ester		Second	Semester	
Subject	Units	Subject	t		Units
Law 128 (Evidence)	4	Law 182	(Private	Corporations	s) 3

#### Elective Courses for Second- and Third-Year Students

	First Semester			Second Semester
Subject		Units	Subject	Units
Law 150	(Bills and Notes)	3	Law 136	(Trusts) 3
Law 157	(Domestic Relations)	2	Law 164	(Insurance) 2
Law 159	(Partnership)	2	Law 168	(Security Transactions) 4
Law 166	(Sales)	<b>2</b>	Law 172	(Water Rights) 2
Law 193	(Taxation I)	2	Law 174	(Mining Law) 2
			Law 194	(Taxation II)2

#### Additional Third-Year Elective Courses

First Semester			Second Semester
Subject	Units	Subject	Units
Law 170 (Conflict of Laws)	3	Law 158	(Labor Law) 2
Law 184 (Trial Procedure)	3		(Municipal Corpora-
Law 190 (Administrative Law	w) 2		tions)2
Law 196 (Public Utilities)	3	Law 192	(Creditors' Rights) 3
Law 198 (Research)	1-3	Law 197*	(Practice Court) 2
		Law 198	(Research)1-3

(Law 140 (Wills and Administration) and Law 157 (Domestic Relations) include statutory material and cases on Arizona Community Property Law.)

#### COMBINED COURSES OF STUDY

For students matriculating in the University of Arizona, the University offers in its colleges of Liberal Arts, Business and Public Administration, and of Law, a combined course whereby its students may secure the academic bachelor's degree and the degree of Bach-

elor of Laws in the period of 6 years.

Students desiring to take advantage of the combined course of liberal arts and law should register in the College of Liberal Arts for 4 years and in the College of Law for 2 years. The work of the senior year under the registration in the College of Liberal Arts is done, however, under the supervision of the Law Faculty.

Students registering for this combined course will be awarded the

academic bachelor's degree under the following conditions:

They must be regularly matriculated in the University, and, before registering in the College of Law as candidates for the law degree, must have successfully completed all the work required in the College of Liberal Arts for graduation with a bachelor's degree, except a possible maximum of 28 units of electives. This academic course must include:

A major in the College of Liberal Arts selected by the student and approved by the major professor and Dean of that College.

2. All other subject and group requirements established in the College of Liberal Arts.

Not to exceed 28 units of law in courses to be determined by the Law Faculty.

Academic electives to meet the 125 units required for gradu-

ation from the College of Liberal Arts.

Students desiring to take advantage of the combined course of business administration and law, or who desire to complete their work in business administration in 3 years, electing the fourth year in law, must register for all required courses of the curriculum other than Business Administration 120a-120b (Business Law). It is recommended that such students select a regular major; however, by special request such students may be allowed to substitute for the major 18 units of work selected with the written approval of the Dean of the College of Business and Public Administration.

<sup>\*</sup>Prerequisites: Law 101, 128, 141, 146, and 184.

Students in other colleges may be candidates for degrees awarded upon completion of combined 6-year courses upon meeting equivalent requirements and upon petition to and approval by the faculties of their respective colleges and of the College of Law.

Students transferring from other institutions may not register for the elective work in law under a combined program without first meeting the residence requirement of 30 units of prelegal credit in the University of Arizona.

#### REGULATIONS AFFECTING STUDENTS

#### Grading System

The grades awarded in the courses of study are given on a basis of relative position in a series. These grades are: 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. Grades 1 to 4 indicate different ranks of passing work; grade 5 indicates failure. Inc., incomplete, is used to indicate deferred grading because of illness or other accepted reasons, a deficiency that may be made up within 1 year at the convenience of the instructor; W is used to indicate satisfactory work at time of approved withdrawal.

#### Scholarship Requirements

Continuance in college.—All students, to be in good standing, are required to carry with a passing grade more than 60 per cent of the work for which they are registered. Failure to meet this requirement automatically places the student on probation, but after a review of his case by the dean or the scholarship committee of the college concerned and upon approval of the Advisory Council, he may be disqualified by the University. Students disqualified by the University at the end of a semester are ineligible for the following semester. Students who register in the University after a period of ineligibility are registered on probation.

Students who have been disqualified twice for failure in scholarship may not return except on evidence that underlying conditions have materially improved and that they are now capable of serious in-

tellectual effort.

Maximum units.—Students in the College of Law may not register for more than 15 units of work. Those finding it necessary to engage in gainful occupations for self-support while pursuing their law course must decrease proportionately their load of law study.

#### Tuition and Fees

(University fees are effective only during the years covered by the catalogue in which they are listed. The Board of Regents reserves the right to change all fees and charges from time to time without notice if necessary.)

Matriculation fees.—All students registering for 6 units or more are required to pay a registration fee of \$15, a student activity fee of \$8.75, a health service fee of \$3, a library fee of \$2, a University Series fee of \$1.25, and a Student Union fee of \$5 each semester.

Law College fee.—All students registering for 6 units or more of law are required to pay a fee of \$25 each semester in addition to other fees. Students registering for 5 units or less of law are required to pay a fee of \$5 per unit each semester in addition to other fees.

Nonresident tuition fee.—Every nonresident student carrying 12 or more units shall be required to pay a nonresident fee of \$150 each semester. Those carrying less than 12 units will pay a nonresident fee of \$12.50 per unit.

Late registration.—Students who fail to appear for the purpose of registering on the day scheduled for registration and students who fail to complete registration by payment of all fees during the week of the opening of classes are charged a late registration fee of \$5.

Change of registration.—For any change in registration other than withdrawal with a failing grade of 5, a fee of \$1 will be charged. This fee is effective the first day after the close of registration as scheduled.

Late petition for degree.—For petition for candidacy for a degree filed after May 1 of the second year of law (provided such second year has been the year immediately preceding that in which graduation is desired) a fee of \$2 will be charged.

Graduation fee.—Every candidate for a degree is required to pay a graduation fee of \$15 unless the candidate has already taken a degree in the University, in which case a fee of \$5 is charged. This fee is payable at the time of registration for the semester in which they expect to complete requirements for their degree. An additional fee of \$1 is charged when it is necessary to mail the diploma to a student excused from attending the commencement exercises.

#### Student Accommodations

Residence halls.—Residence in dormitories is limited to undergraduate students, preference being given to Arizona students who are carrying 12 or more units of work.

Reservation of dormitory rooms.—Application for the reservation of a dormitory room should be made to the Residence Department of the University immediately upon the receipt of notification from the Registrar that admission has been granted. As the accommodations are limited and all the rooms are usually engaged before the opening of the college year, students should make early application. A deposit of \$10 must accompany each application for room. This will apply as security against damage to or loss of the University property. This deposit is refunded when a student leaves the dormitory, provided all charges for loss or damage against the student have been paid.

#### Student Marriages

At the time of registration all students must indicate on the registration card whether they are married or single. In order that this record may be correct at all times, any marriage, either party to which is a student at the University of Arizona, must be reported immediately. In the case of a woman student the report is to be made to the Dean of Women, and in the case of a man student to the Dean of Men. These officers will then report the marriage to the Registrar's office for the correction of the records. Failure to report may subject the student to disciplinary action which can include suspension.

#### Prizes and Awards

The Fegtly Moot Court award.—The Student Bar Association of the College of Law has given a plaque, on which will be engraved each year the names of the two students paired in the third-year law class who win first in the Fegtly Moot Court competition.

Legal textbook award.—A member of the law faculty offers a copy of the leading text on torts to that student who has the highest scholastic average for the first two years in law school.

The Nathan Burkan memorial competition.—The American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers offers annually a first prize of \$150 and a second prize of \$50 to those members of the graduat-

ing class of the College of Law who submit the best papers on some aspect of the subject of copyright law. The competition is open under such rules as shall be specified by the Dean of the College of Law.

Phi Alpha Delta award.—The Knox Chapter of Phi Alpha Delta, Law Fraternity, has given a cup on which is to be inscribed each year the name of the winner of the Phi Alpha Delta Speech Contest.

Phi Delta Phi scholarship award.—The Samuel L. Pattee Inn, the University of Arizona Chapter of the International Legal Fraternity, Phi Delta Phi, in order to promote scholarly attainment, has given a plaque on which will be engraved each year the name of the graduating senior who has the highest scholarship average for the full 3 years of his law course, at least 1 year of which must have been completed at the University of Arizona.

There are other prizes, awards, and scholarships in the University for which students in the College of Law may be eligible. These are

listed in the Biennial Catalogue.

#### DESCRIPTION OF COURSES\*

#### FIRST YEAR—REQUIRED

101, Introduction to Law. (2) I. Thomas
A brief survey of the origins, function and growth of Anglo-American law, theories of legal liability, types of relief, judicial systems of English and American Courts, and a study of common law actions. Redden's Introductory Survey of the Place of Law in Our Civilization; McBane's Introduction to Civil Procedure.

102a-102b. Contracts. (3-3) Yr. McCormick Formation, performance, and discharge of contracts; the Statute of Frauds; parties affected by contracts; illegal contracts. Williston's Cases on Contracts (Fifth Edition).

Yr. 105a-105b. Torts. (3-3) Injuries to persons and property; intentional wrongs, liability at peril, negligence and contributory negligence, causation, deceit, defamation, malicious prosecution. Bohlen's Cases on Torts (Fourth Edition).

Property—Personal Property. (2) I. 106. Distinction between real and personal property and the law governing rights in personal property. Robert's Cases on Personal Property.

108. Criminal Law. (3) I. Barnes
Criminal procedure, nature and elements of crime, specific crimes, defenses. Hall's Cases and Readings on Criminal Law and Procedure.

Equity I. (2) II. Feezer 110. The nature and scope of equity jurisdiction; injunctions. Cook's Cases on Equity (Fourth Edition).

Agency. (3) II. Thomas
The creation and character of the agency relation and the rights, duties, and liabilities arising out of the relation. Employers' liability and workmen's compensation acts. Seavey's Cases on Agency. 115.

120. Property-Rights in Land. (3) II. Smith The feudal system; estates in land; joint ownership; easements; covenants running with the land; rents. Bigelow's Cases on Rights in Land (Third Edition).

Legal Bibliography. (1) II. Owens A study of and training in fact situation analysis and in the use of law books for the solution of the legal problems. Putnam's How to Find the Law (Fourth Edition). 141.

#### SECOND YEAR—REQUIRED

130. Equity II. (2) I. McCormick

Specific performance of contracts; reformation and rescission. Cook's Cases on Equity (Fourth Edition).

Trusts. (3) II. Smith Nature, requisites, and administration of trusts. Bogert's Cases on 136.

139: Property—Titles to Real Property. (3) Possessory and derivative titles to land, requisites of conveyances, and creation of estates in land. Aigler's Cases on Titles to Real Property (Third Edition).

Property—Wills and Administration. (3) I. Smith Execution, revocation and revival of wills, and administration of testate and intestate estates. Costigan's Cases on Wills and Administration (Third Edition). The course includes statutory material and cases 140. on Arizona community property law.

The Legal Profession. (1) II. Lyons
The history and present organization of the legal profession. Problems of professional usage and ethics commonly encountered in practice. Cheatham's Cases and Materials on the Legal Profession; Rule I
of the Supreme Court, State of Arizona. 142.

<sup>\*</sup>Casebooks may be changed by the Faculty of the College of Law at any time prior to the semester in which the particular casebook is to be used.

- 146. Code Pleading. (3) II.

  The civil action under reformed procedure. Principles of the complaint, answer, and other pleadings. The new federal and state rules of civil procedure. Casebook to be selected.
- 181. Constitutional Law. (4) II. Barnes
  Nature, sources, and extent of constitutional law. Dowling's Cases on
  Constitutional Law (Fourth Edition).

#### SECOND AND THIRD YEAR—ELECTIVE

- 150. Bills and Notes. (3) I. Feezer
  The nature and purpose of and the law governing negotiable instruments and banking transactions. Smith and Moore's Cases on Bills and Notes (Fourth Edition).
- 157. Domestic Relations. (2) I. Lyons The law of marital and family relations. Compton's Cases on Domestic Relations. The course includes statutory material and cases on Arizona community property law.
- 158. Labor Law. (2) II. Woods
  Civil conspiracy; enforcement of collective bargaining agreements;
  injunctions in labor disputes; free speech in relation to picketing and
  boycotts; labor combinations in restraint of trade; construction and
  administration of the National Labor Relations Act. Gregory and Katz,
  Cases and Materials on Labor Law.
- 159. Partnership. (2) I. Feezer
  The organization, operation and dissolution of partnerships and the rights, duties, and obligations of the partners. Crane & Magruder, Cases on Partnership.
- 163. Municipal Corporations. (2) II. Lyons
  Nature, creation, powers, and liabilities of municipalities; municipal legislation. Stason's Cases on Municipal Corporations (Second Edition).
- 164. Insurance. (2) II.

  Insurable interest; selection and control of risks; waiver, estoppel, and election; adjustment of claims. Patterson's Cases on Insurance (Second Edition).
- 166. Sales. (2) I. Lyons
  The law governing sales of personal property. Bogert's Cases on Sales
  (Second Edition).
- 168. Security Transactions. (4) II.

  Secured credit transactions, including accommodation contracts (suretyship), mortgages, pledges, conditional sales, trust receipts, dealer's financing, use of credit, and security holders' remedies. Sturges' Cases on Credit Transactions (Third Edition).
- 170. Conflict of Laws. (3) I. Barnes Domicile, jurisdiction, full faith and credit, and choice of law rules. Cheatham, Dowling, Goodrich & Griswold, Cases on Conflict of Laws (Third Edition).
- 172. Water Rights. (2) II. McCormick Riparian rights; the doctrine of prior appropriation of the western states; underground waters; interstate streams. Selected cases and materials, and Bingham's Cases on Water Rights.
- 174. Mining Law. (2) II. Smith Mining titles with reference to mining rights. Costigan's Cases on Mining Law (Revised Edition).

#### THIRD YEAR—REQUIRED

- 128. Evidence. (4) I. Brown
  The rules governing the admissibility and exclusion of evidence in legal controversies. Ladd, Cases and Materials on Evidence.
- 182. Private Corporations. (3) II. McCormick
  The legal concept of a corporation; corporation's de jure and de facto;
  ultra vires transactions; promoters, stockholders, directors, and creditors of corporations. Wormser & Crane, Cases & Materials on Private
  Corporations (Selected Edition).

#### THIRD YEAR—ELECTIVE

- 184. Trial Procedure. (3) I. Thomas

  A study in the progressive steps in trial procedure. McBaine's Cases
  on Trial Practice (Second Edition).
- 190. Administrative Law. (2) I. Woods
  Creation and functions of administrative tribunals; administrative procedure; judicial relief from administrative action. Stason's Cases and Other Materials on Administrative Tribunals (Second Edition).
- 192. Creditors' Rights. (3) II. Feezer Enforcement of judgments; fraudulent conveyances; general assignments; receiverships; bankruptcy. Hanna and McLaughlin's Cases on Creditor's Rights (Fourth Edition), Vol. I.
- 193. Taxation I. (2) I. Barnes
  Constitutional and jurisdictional limitations; estate and gift taxes;
  general property tax. Prentice-Hall, Student Tax Law Service; Magill & Maguire, Cases on the Law of Taxation.
- 194. Taxation II. (2) II. Barnes
  Income taxes and procedure. Prentice-Hall, Student Tax Law Service;
  Magill & Maguire, Cases on the Law of Taxation.
- 196. Public Utilities. (3) I. McCormick
  The obligations of carriers and other public utilities and their enforcement. Smith, Dowling & Hale, Cases on Public Utilities.
- 197. Practice Court. (2) II. Thomas
  Training in the activities necessary and incidental to the trial of cases. Prerequisites, 100, 128, 141, 146, and 184.
- 198. Research. (1 to 3) I, II.

  Mature investigation of and writing on special legal problems under the supervision of a member, or members, of the Faculty. Flexible credit with amount determined upon completion of the work but not to exceed 3 units per semester. Open to third-year students, competent, in the judgment of the Law Faculty, to pursue such work.

## **DEGREES CONFERRED MAY 25, 1949**

## BACHELOR OF LAWS

1. Allin, Thomas E., Jr. Tucso	
2. Bergman, William G., Jr.	24. Licht, David G. New York, N.Y.
Pittsburgh, P	a. 25. Lindamood, William S. Tucson
3. Bettwy, Andrew L. Nogale	
4. Birtcher, Normand F. Glob	
5. Brannon, Ellis B. Tucso	
6. Castro, Raul H. Dougla	
<ol><li>Daniels, Hayzel B. Phoeni</li></ol>	
8. Davis, James L. Tucso	n 30. Moran, Elizabeth L. Tucson
9. Dickerson, John M.	31. Morse, Boyd M. Tucson
Cleveland, Oh	io 32, Nelson, Aaron G. Tucson
10. Donahue, John L., Jr. Tucso	n 33. O'Reilly, Patrick W. Phoenix
11. Ellsworth, Reid F. Tucso	
12. Everett, Leonard Wickenbur	g 35. Peterson, William W. Phoenix
13. Favour, John M. Presco	
14. Goddard, Samuel P., Jr. Tucso	n 37. Shelley, James L. Heber
15. Gray, Lurline Dougla	
16. Green, James H., Jr. Buckey	e 39. Udall, Morris K. Phoenix
17. Hamilton, Oliver T. Tucso	
18. Harris, Beverly Tucso	
19. Hash, Virginia Phoeni	x 42. Walker, Richard D. Tucson
20. Kautz, Ruth D. Chandle	
21. Killian, Cleveland M. Mes	
22. Lesher, Robert O. Tucso	n 45. Wood, James O. Carthage, Ill.
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## **DEGREES CONFERRED MAY 31, 1950**

### BACHELOR OF LAWS

	В.	ACHELOR	OF LAWS
1.	Arveson, Donald F.	Tucson	39. Perry, Allan R. Phoenix
	Bond, Ronald M.	Tucson	40. Peterkin, Clair I., Jr.
	Bouldin, Mercer W., Jr.	Tucson	San Bernardino, Calif.
	Brash, Edmond J.	Tucson	41. Pidgeon, John G. Warren
	Burch, Frank H.	Phoenix	42. Proctor, Navor Tucson
	Cantor, Lawrence C.	Tucson	43. Putman, Forrest S., Jr.
	Cordova, Valdemar A.	Phoenix	Litchfield Park
	Cracchiolo, Joseph U.	Tucson	44. Reed, William S. Tucson
	Davis, Laurence A.	Tucson	45. Rogge, Harry E., Jr. Clifton
	Dolph, Wilbert E.	Tucson	46. Rudd, Eldon D. Cottonwood
	Edwards, Max N.	Flagstaff	47. Schaber, John F. Deming, N.M.
	Elgart, David F.	Tucson	48. Schachner, Robert Tucson
	Farringer, Wellington L.	Phoenix	49. Schaffer, Enos P. Tucson
	Feezer, Charles A.	Tucson	50. Smith, James M. Morenci
	Fish, Richard R.	Tucson	51. Sownie, Peter Phoenix
	Flynn, John J.	Tucson	52. Stanfield, William A. Eloy
	Frey, William C.	Tucson	53. Stanley, Richard A. Tucson
	Gatewood, James F.	Tucson	54. Stanlis, Frank J. Tucson
	Greenfield, Richard R.	Tucson	55. Stark, Joseph R. Phoenix
	Greer, Dick L.	Holbrook	56. Stevenson, Walter M. Yuma
21.	Hardy, Charles L.	Tucson	57. Stewart, Hugh W. Tucson
22.	Haynes, Harry H.	Tucson	58. Sullivan, John P. Tucson
23.	Healy, Frank D., Jr.	Tucson	59. Tang, Thomas Phoenix
	Helm, Bill	Tucson	60. Thompson, Howard F. Mesa
25.	Jones, Russell E. Be	len, N.M.	61. Tipton, Raymond J. Miami
	Kemper, Charles I.	Tucson	62. Tucker, Jasmine F. Tucson
27.	Lester, Ralph J.	Tucson	63. Udall, Lee K. Thatcher
28.	Linsenmeyer, Otto H.	Phoenix	64. Vidal, Stephen P., Jr.
29.	Little, John M.	Nogales	Albuquerque, N.M.
30.	Lynch, Warren H.	Tucson	65. Wagner, Norbert A. Fowler, Ind.
	McDowell, Earl J.	Tucson	66. Ward, William J.
	McGowan, John M., II	Phoenix	Long Beach, Calif.
33.	Miller, Robert F.	Tucson	67. Welch, George W., Jr. Phoenix
34.	Montgomery, Henry H.		68. Whiting, Norman H. Vernon
		our, Ind.	69. Wolfe, David K. Tucson
	Moorhead, Stephen P.	Tucson	70. Woodbury, Joseph W.
	Mori, Foster G.	Phoenix	Silver City, N.M.
	Paine, Eugene C.	Tucson	71. Woodford, Raymond R. Safford
38.	Payne, Heber L.	Mesa	72. Yankee, James A. Tucson